

TWO TRAINS COLLIDE.

Four Men Killed and Fifteen Hurt Near Chattanooga, Tenn.

Both Engines Had Their Positions Reversed and Were Thrown Forty Feet From the Track—Passengers Not Injured.

Chattanooga, Tenn., June 13.—Four men were killed and about 15 injured, two of them fatally, in a collision between fast mail No. 1 from Nashville and the Jasper accommodation train on the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railroad Thursday afternoon between Hooker and Summit, small stations, about 12 miles from this city.

Dead—Fireman L. A. Rankin, of the accommodation train, was horribly mangled and died almost instantly. James Bernard, fireman of the mail train, was caught under the smaller engine and literally burned to death. A handful of cinders and charred flesh was all that could be found of him. Express Messenger Webb, of the fast mail, was caught under the debris and died shortly after having been removed to a place of safety. George Rollins, engineer of the accommodation train, legs crushed and large holes made in his head and side.

None of the rest of the injured is seriously hurt and the passengers escaped with a shaking up and a few bruises.

The two trains met on a curve and the passengers of the mail train could see from the car windows the approach of the accommodation. They supposed, however, that it would simply pass by them, as there is a switch at that point and not until the crash occurred were they aware of their danger. When the trains came together, the accommodation being the lighter, was entirely telescoped, the engine of the fast mail plowing its way through the cars and splintering them into kindling wood. Both engines had their positions reversed and were thrown at least 40 feet from the track.

The mail train was behind time, and the wreck, it is said, was due to the fact that one of the engineers overlooked his orders.

WEST INDIAN CAMPAIGN MEDAL.

In All About 6,800 Men Will Be Decorated For Deeds of Valor.

Washington, June 13.—The navy department has completed its compilation of the names of the officers and men who are to be decorated with the West Indian campaign medal. The list totals in round numbers 800 officers and about 6,000 enlisted men. Of this number the engagement at Santiago Bay, in which the greatest number of vessels took part, makes up the largest proportion. Schley and all the fleet officers and men will get medals and the family of Adm. Sampson will be given the one intended for the deceased admiral. A great many of these officers and men will have bars attached to their medals to show that they were also at Manzanillo Bay, or other points selected by the board of awards, as those at which an engagement worthy of a medal was fought.

The meritorious service medal will go to persons who rendered exceptional service like Blue, Ward, Hobson and Wainwright. The rest of persons to whom this medal will be given is still under consideration by the board of awards.

GERMAN CRUISER'S MISSION.

It Is Not Connected With the Pending Claim Against Venezuela.

Berlin, June 13.—The foreign office here is without details of the reported bombardment of the seaport of La Guaira, Venezuela, by the forts and Venezuelan warships in consequence of a revolutionary movement in the suburbs.

The foreign office, however, takes the occasion of this inquiry to say that the German cruisers *Gazelle* and *Falk* were ordered to La Guaira simply to safeguard German interests there, and that their presence in Venezuelan waters is in no way connected with Germany's long pending claims against Venezuela. As soon as order is restored the cruisers in question will leave Venezuela.

SWEEP BY A CYCLONE.

Three Persons Injured and Property Destroyed at Elgin, Ill.

Elgin, Ill., June 13.—Three persons injured and many hundreds of dollars' worth of property damaged are the results of a cyclone which swept Elgin and vicinity Thursday night. Hundreds of persons took refuge in cellars and out-of-way places. Charles Dane, night watchman at the watch case factory, was hurt by a falling plank. Mrs. F. Jane, of Algonquin, was buried under the ruins of a barn. Charles Spiller was cut in the breast by flying glass.

Loop the Loop.

Minneapolis, Minn., June 13.—Clarence Hamilton, a trick bicyclist, brought here from New York to "loop the loop" at the Elk's fair, fell from the giant wheel, on the inside of which he tried to steer a bicycle. He was badly hurt.

Will Visit Cambridge.

Boston, June 13.—Word was received Thursday that President Roosevelt will come here June 25. He will visit Cambridge to participate in the commencement exercises at Harvard university.

BRINGING IN MEN.

Carload of Men For the Pennsylvania Anthracite Regions.

Reading, Pa., June 14.—Another carload of workmen went through here for the coal regions. Thus far it is said the Philadelphia & Reading Co. has secured more than 1,000 men, mostly firemen, engineers and pumpmen. It was stated by an official that there is not a colliery in the Reading company's territory where the pumps are not being manned, where desired.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., June 14.—The work of the strikers in attempting to bring out all men who are still in the employ of coal companies goes steadily on. Their campaign against the engineers, firemen and pumpmen is nearly over, most of those men being out, and the union is now paying more attention to the fire bosses, clerks and others who have taken the places of those who quit work. Pressure is being brought to bear on them in every possible way. Quite a number of the fire bosses throughout the region have already stopped work because they had been asked to take the strikers' places, and at a meeting held here Friday afternoon about a dozen more consented to join the strikers. The labor leaders hope to have more out by Monday. The company officials are aware of the attack on the fire bosses and they are making effort to hold them.

The miners' union is now planning to expel from the organization all engineers, firemen and pumpmen who have not yet obeyed the strike order. They have been given until Saturday night to join the strikers, and if they do not quit they will be expelled and their names published throughout the region as "unfair" workmen.

The miners' leaders as a rule will not talk on the matter of boycotting, but the rank and file of the strikers openly admit that they try to boycott all men whom they look upon as being "unfair" workers.

Nothing developed here which in any way changed the situation. President Mitchell had nothing to give out regarding the West Virginia situation.

Washington, June 14.—The president, it is stated on good authority, proposes to apply directly or indirectly to congress for legislation which will enable him to meet the coal strike situation. It is understood that the president and his advisors argue that there is no law which would meet the case and settle the issues satisfactorily.

THE VOTE COUNTED.

Officers Elected By the International Typographical Union.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 14.—The canvassing board of the International Typographical union completed the count of the vote for national officers of the organization cast in the biennial election. The total number of votes cast in the election was nearly 29,000, about 70 per cent. of the entire strength of the union. Following are the officers chosen for the ensuing two years: President, James M. Lynch, Syracuse, N. Y.; first vice president, C. E. Hawkes, Chicago; third vice president, James Mulcahey, St. Louis; fourth vice president, J. F. O'Sullivan, Boston; secretary-treasurer, J. W. Bramwood, Denver; delegates to American Federation of Labor: Printers, William M. Garrett, Washington; Max S. Hayes, Cleveland; Frank Morrison, Chicago. Allied crafts, J. F. O'Sullivan, Boston. Trustees union printers' home: Printers, Thos. McCafferty, Colorado Springs; L. C. Shepard, Chicago. Allied crafts, H. H. Rogers, Chicago. Agent union printers' home, William Kennedy, Chicago. President Lynch received over two-thirds of the vote cast for president.

PAID THE PENALTY.

Perry Christian Hanged at Moundsville For Murder.

Moundsville, W. Va., June 14.—Perry Christian, white, 26 years of age was hanged in the state penitentiary Friday night at 5:13 1/2 o'clock. His neck was dislocated and death ensued in nine minutes. His remains were taken Friday night to Wellston, O., his former home, for interment. He professed religion some time before his death and went to the scaffold bravely without flinching, accompanied by Rev. D. W. Ruble, prison chaplain, and Rev. B. M. Spurr. About 40 persons witnessed the execution.

In March, 1901, Perry Christian murdered G. W. Dent near Boomer, W. Va.

Gov. Nash and Senator Foraker, of Ohio, from which state the Negro came, attempted to intercede in behalf of Christian, but Gov. White ignored their entreaties.

Rehearsing For the Coronation.

London, June 14.—There was an interesting little function at Westminster Abbey when the sons and grandsons of high state officers rehearsed the duties they will have to perform at the coronation, June 26, in the capacity of pages.

Lost the Championship.

New York, June 14.—Miss Genevieve Hecker, of New York, who has twice won the women's Metropolitan golf championship, was beaten by Mrs. E. A. Manice, also of New York, in the annual tournament of the Women's Metropolitan Golf association.

Visible Supply of Cotton.

New Orleans, June 14.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, made up from special cable and telegraph advices, shows the visible as 2,811,949, of which 1,857,949 was American cotton.

EPIDEMIC OF CHOLERA.

Alarming Situation in the Philippine Islands Reported.

In Manila Alone a Total of 277 Cases With 215 Deaths Had Occurred Up to April 19, the Date of the Report.

Washington, June 14.—A rather alarming situation with regard to the epidemic of cholera in the Philippines is set out in a report received by Surgeon General Forwood from Lieut. Col. Heismann, at present in charge of the medical department of the army in the islands. The appearance of the disease at Manila, in March, is attributed in some quarters to vegetables coming into the islands from affected Chinese ports, and in others to the drinking of Pasig river water, foul with the sewage of the city. Lieut. Col. Heismann says that the number of different points attacked by the epidemic and the consequent infection of many streams which are universally used for drinking and bathing and into which all foul material and garbage find their way, makes probable a large number of deaths before the rains, which ended the two great epidemics in the eighties, occur. The army, he says, is much better protected than the native population or than civilian Americans in the islands, because of the care which is exercised in supplying good food and water.

In Manila alone a total of 277 cases with 215 deaths had occurred up to April 19, the date of the report, with 453 cases and 308 deaths outside the city. In the provinces the disease attacked 22 different places. In the Camarines, at Nueva Caceres, the disease appeared, and this has been the only point where the army has suffered, two cavalrymen and an infantryman having the disease. The colored troops, the report says, naturally mix much more with the natives than the whites, drinking the water in the shacks which they visit, and eating native food, and they are thus much more liable to contract cholera. The district known as the "Farola" was the first one in Manila to be attacked. It is described by Col. Heismann as being "Probably the most wretchedly unsanitary place in the city," and was the first and one of the heaviest sufferers in the great cholera epidemic of 1882.

Smallpox has also appeared and has been more prevalent, it is stated, this year than in any except the first, of American occupation. The wife of an army officer in Manila has been attacked by it. Vigorous measures of prevention have been instituted to attempt to check the spread of cholera. Manila has been quarantined against all other points, distilled water has been provided, house to house inspections made, chloride of lime freely used, a cholera hospital established, the foul farola burned, and 28 army medical officers have been detailed to duty with the Manila board of health. Medical officers of the army have been given practical charge of health matters in or near towns where troops are stationed.

The report on the health of the army in general shows a slight decrease in the percentage of sick. The number of deaths has increased by six. Out of a total of 36 recent deaths, dysentery has been the cause of 18.

EXPOSITION DEFICIT.

New York Congressmen Advocate An Appropriation of \$500,000.

Washington, June 14.—The New York members of the house of representatives were before the house committee on appropriations to ask an appropriation of \$500,000 to cover the deficit of the Buffalo exposition. Representative Alexander, of Buffalo, who spoke for the delegation, said that the shooting of President McKinley had a depressing effect on the exposition towards its close when there was the greatest expectation of large return, and that under nominal conditions there would have been a much larger income.

Two Drowned.

Chester, Pa., June 14.—Capt. Hannett Robbins, of Port Morris, N. J., and Mrs. Pluma Haines, of Camden, N. J., were drowned opposite this city by the capsizing in a hard wind of the sloop Henry S. Robbins, laden with oyster shells. Miss Lizzie Jones, of Camden, and Robert Reed and Chas. F. Burton, of Port Morris, were rescued by the United States launch *Cadet*.

Tickets Sold to a Hanging.

Montreal, June 14.—Thosvald Hansen was hanged here for the murder of Erick Marotte, a 3-year-old boy, last autumn, in order to obtain some change, 17 cents, which the boy was jingling in his hand. Hansen's neck was broken. Tickets of admission to the execution were openly sold at prices ranging from 50 cents to \$10.

A Dinner of Welcome.

London, June 14.—A dinner of welcome was given Friday night to Jos. Wheeler and H. Clay Evans, new consul general, and ex-congressman English, of Indiana, at which many representative Americans and Englishmen were present.

Week's Business Failures.

New York, June 14.—Business failures for the week in the United States number 165, as against 153 last week, 188 in this week last year. For Canada 12 for the week, against 17 a year ago.

WIPE OUT BY FIRE.

The Business Portion of Alexander City, Ala., Destroyed.

Opelika, Ala., June 14.—The business portion of Alexander City, a place of 1,500 inhabitants, was wiped away by fire, the loss reaching at least \$750,000, which the insurance will not begin to cover.

The flames began in the foundry and machine works, and the long period of hot, dry weather had well prepared the buildings of the little city for the rapid spread of the flames. A light wind was blowing, and with fierce rapidity the fire spread from building to building until the entire business portion was a seething mass of flames.

The place has no water works, and all the terror-stricken people could do was to save what little they could, and then, almost prostrate, flee from the awful heat.

Dadeville was telegraphed for dynamite so that some of the buildings could be destroyed and thus check the progress of the flames, but it arrived only to find the city a mass of ashes.

The depot of the Central of Georgia railway was burned with all its contents. The telegraph office, two hotels, post office, saloons, livery stable, practically all the stores and eight residences, together with numerous law and other offices were destroyed. On account of the fact that the telegraph and telephone offices having been destroyed, it is impossible to obtain exact information regarding the fire.

The railroad has established its telegraph lines under a tree, and appeals for help and for food are going out.

The loss of valuable papers will run into the thousands of dollars.

The tracks of the Central of Georgia are so badly warped that the passenger trains east and west Friday night had to transfer.

PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

He Recommends a Law Creating Reciprocity With Cuba.

Washington, June 14.—President Roosevelt sent a special message to congress, reiterating former recommendations for a law creating reciprocity with Cuba. No reference was made to Gen. Wood's appropriation of Cuban funds to circulate reciprocity literature. After quoting extracts from the previous message on the subject, the president states that Thursday he received through the American minister to Cuba an earnest appeal from President Palma for "legislative relief before it is too late and (his) country financially ruined." He says the reasons for Cuban reciprocity outweigh those for reciprocity with any other country, and are consistent with "the protective system under which this country has thriven so marvelously."

He adds: "It is to our advantage as a nation that the growing Cuban market should be controlled by American producers. The events following the war with Spain, and the prospective building of the isthmian canal, render it certain we must take in the future a far greater interest than hitherto in what happens throughout the West Indies, Central America and the adjacent coasts and waters."

GEN. LEE'S DAUGHTER ARRESTED.

She Took a Seat in a Trolley Car Reserved For Negroes.

Alexandria, Va., June 14.—Miss Mary Curtis Lee, daughter of Gen. Robert E. Lee, was taken into custody, charged with violating the law affecting the Washington, Alexandria & Mt. Vernon electric road, which provides for the separation of white and colored passengers. Miss Lee was arrested on complaint of Conductor Thomas S. Chauncey and was escorted to police headquarters, where, after telling her story, she was released on her personal bond for appearance in court, should the railroad company decide to prosecute the case. Miss Lee boarded the car at Washington, and without realizing, had taken a seat in the portion reserved for colored people. She was comfortably seated, and being encumbered with several bundles, declined to move to the forward part of the car, although the conductor explained the law on the subject to her and frequently requested her to move.

Marconi's New Invention.

London, June 14.—In the course of a lecture before the royal institution of Great Britain William Marconi announced that he had invented a highly sensitive magnetic detector of electric waves by which it was possible to read about 30 words per minute in wireless telegraphy.

Pasturage For Mine Mules.

Lancaster, Pa., June 14.—Pasturage has been obtained at Coleraine, this county, for more than 3,000 mine mules from the Schuylkill coal region. Twelve hundred have already arrived and 2,400 more are on the way. The fields have been engaged for all summer.

Dinner in Honor of Gov. Taft.

Rome, June 14.—Francis McNutt, an American, who is private chamberlain to the pope, and who lives in the Pamphili palace, which belongs to Prince Doria, gave a dinner and reception to Wm. H. Taft, civil governor of the Philippines.

Safety Appliances.

Washington, June 14.—The senate committee on inter-state commerce authorized a favorable report on the bill extending the safety appliance law so as to make it applicable to locomotive tenders as well as to the cars.

AN AMATEUR DETECTIVE.

A Knight of the Razor Who Showed Qualifications for the Sleuth Profession.

Sherlock Holmes has a promising rival in a barber known to the Philadelphia Record. He astonished one of his customers the other day by asking him if he were not left-handed. The man admitted that he was, and suggested that the barber had probably seen him hang up his hat.

"No," said the barber, "I have other ways of finding out such things. 'I see, too, that you are a bookkeeper.'"

"Yes," admitted the customer, "your guesses are correct. How do you know?" "It's easy," said the barber. "In shampooing your head I noticed ink on your hair at the left temple. This ink, I concluded, must have got there from a pen resting on your left ear, which indicated that you were a person who used a pen a great deal, as only such persons use their ears as pen-racks."

"That didn't convince me that you were a bookkeeper, however, because a literary man might stick his pen behind his ear for convenience. I learned of your profession when I applied the lather. This made the ink on your hair wash out, and I discovered two shades of ink—red and black. Nobody but a bookkeeper uses red and black ink, so it was easy to class you as a bookkeeper."

"I knew you were left-handed because the ink was on the left side—the side that a left-handed writer would involuntarily use when sticking his pen back of his ear."

"Wonderful, wonderful!" said the customer. "Now suppose you stop talking for awhile, and finish shaving me."

ROUGH ON MARK TWAIN.

An Englishman's Appreciation of One of Chauncey Depew's Little Jokes.

Once upon a time Senator Depew and Mark Twain were fellow passengers on a trip across the ocean. One night a dinner was given and Twain was called upon for a speech. He made a number of characteristically humorous remarks, and then sat down amid applause. Mr. Depew was next called upon, relates the Washington Post.

"Mr. Clemens and I exchanged speeches before dinner," he said, "and he has delivered mine. His is so bad that I won't disgrace him by repeating it." Then Mr. Depew sat down, while everybody laughed.

The next morning, while Mr. Clemens was pacing the deck, an Englishman came up to him.

"Mr. Clemens," he said, "I always thought that Mr. Depew was a smart man, but that speech of his which you delivered last night was certainly the worst I ever heard of."

Her Strong Point.

"Can you sing?" said the theatrical manager.

"Not the least in the world," replied the applicant for a job.

"Can you dance?"

"Not a bit."

"Then what use do you suppose, young lady, we could make of you as a member of our company?"

"You ought to see me try to do a song and dance. It's the funniest thing in the world."—Chicago Tribune.

None in Stock.

"I observe," said the literary customer, "that 'concealment, like a worm in the bud,' hath preserved on the damask cheek' of these apples. That is a poetical quotation. I presume you have read Shakespeare?"

"Red Shakespeare?" echoed the apple dealer. "No, sir. That's a variety I've never heard of."—Chicago Tribune.

An Unfavorable Symptom.

"You have what I call a quinine cough," said the doctor, proceeding to mix a dose of medicine for his caller.

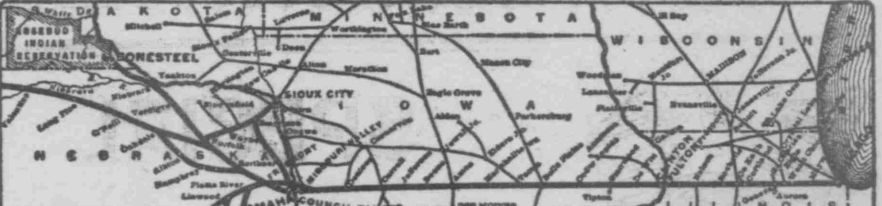
"And a quinine cough, I suppose," wheezed the patient, "is a sort of Peruvian bark."—Youth's Companion.

Fussy Old Gentleman—"I want a pair of gloves like these, a black tie like this, and I don't want you to ask me if I want anything else." Shopman—"Yes, sir. Anything else, sir?"—King.

It is impossible that a man who is false to his friends should be true to his country.—Bishop Berkeley.

Never put off 'till to-morrow what you can get one else to do to-day.—Ohio State Journal.

THE ROSEBUD INDIAN RESERVATION TO BE OPENED FOR SETTLEMENT.



A HALF MILLION ACRES OF RICH LANDS TO BE THROWN OPEN.

FINEST GRAZING AND FARMING LANDS.

DIRECT RAILROAD NOW BUILDING.

The new extension now being built by the North-Western Line to Bonesteel, S. D., brings to mind the treaty recently made with the chiefs of the warlike Sioux by which part of the famous Rosebud Reservation is to be turned over to the government and one more of the few choice tracts of public lands now remaining, be thus opened to settlement.

The land in question lies between the Missouri and Niobrara rivers and is well watered and fertile. Farm lands near the Reservation are selling at from \$20 to \$35 an acre, grazing lands at from \$5 to \$15.

The country is level or slightly rolling, consisting of black loam with clay subsoil, making the very best of farming land. It seems to suffer exceptionally little from drought.

MISS LAURA HOWARD,

President South End Ladies' Golf Club, Chicago, Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound After the Best Doctors Had Failed To Help Her.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I can thank you for perfect health to-day. Life looked so dark to me a year or two ago. I had constant pains, my limbs swelled, I had dizzy spells, and never



MISS LAURA HOWARD, CHICAGO.

knew one day how I would feel the next. I was nervous and had no appetite, neither could I sleep soundly nights. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, used in conjunction with your Sanative Wash, did more for me than all the medicines and the skill of the doctors. For eight months I have enjoyed perfect health. I verily believe that most of the doctors are guessing and experimenting when they try to cure a woman with an assortment of complications, such as mine; but you do not guess. How I wish all suffering women could only know of your remedy; there would be less suffering I know."—LAWRA HOWARD, 113 Newberry Ave., Chicago, Ill. \$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all women who are ill to write her for advice. Address Lynn, Mass., giving full particulars.

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Must Bear Signature of

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

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